EFFECT OF FORMALDEHYDE TREATED AND UNTREATED ANISE SEEDS SUPPLEMENTATION TO THE RATION IN SOME BLOOD CHARACTERS FOR RAM AWASI LOCAL

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This study was conducted at the Animal Farm pertaining to the Department of Animal Resources, College of Agriculture, University of Baghdad from 4/10 to 4/11/2012 to investigate the effect of adding treated and untreated Anise with formaldehyde to the Ration of ram on some blood, Nine local Awasi ram aged one year were allocated for three treatment groups with three rams each group and the groups was as follow: Control treatment (without adding), treatment 1 adding 3 gram of treated Anise, treatment 2 adding 3 gram of untreated Anise. At the end of the study blood samples were collected from Jugular vein to measure each white blood cells, red blood cells, white blood cells differential count, Hemoglobin concentration, Red blood cell volume, Red blood cell Hemoglobin concentration, packed cell volume, platelet count, cholesterol, glucose, total protein, globulin, Albumin, Urea, GOT and GPT Enzymes, alkaline phosphatase, triglycerides and high density lipoprotein. Results showed significant (p>0.05) decline in serum GOT enzyme (63 unit/liter) for treatment 1 when compared with control treatment (80.50 unit/liter) and treatment 2 (86 unit/liter), also there was significant increase in concentration of alkaline phosphatase in serum to both groups of anise treated and untreated they were 42 and 60 unit/liter respectively compared with control group which was 34.00 unit/liter while don't significant changes in the other characters in the blood covered by the study.

Key word: Anise, Formaldehyde, Awasi local, Blood.